Part 2

Tenses

The present simple tense
زمن المضارع البسيط

التكوين

هو مصدر الفعل مع الضمائر (I – we – They – you) و مع الاسم الجمع.

I do my homework early.

يضاف للفعل حرف (s-es-ies) مع الفاعل المفرد الغائب (he / she /it).

want – wants hate - hates sell - sells say – says

Play – plays buy - buys

الاستخدام

1. **General facts** الحقائق العامة
   - The sun rises in the east.
2. **Habits and Daily Routines** العادات و الروتين اليومي
   - They walk to school every day.
3. **Permanent situations** المواقف الدائمة
   - I have a car .
   - She prefers coffee to tea
4. **A future Timetable (schedule)** جدول زمني في المستقبل

بنستخدم المضارع البسيط للدلالة علي المستقبل مع المواعيد الثابتة اللي اتحطت في جدول. و يكون الفاعل غير عاقل (غالب). (the lesson – the film – the exam – the train – the plane)

- This lesson does not finish until 2.30.
- The plane arrives at 10 o'clock tonight.

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5 After time conjunctions expressing the future

بعد الروابط الزمنية بشرط أن يكون الزمن الأخر مستقبل أو مضارع أو أمر .d:

(After / before / as soon as / by the time / until / till / if / unless / when)

- We will start the meeting as soon as he arrives.
- You'll fail if you don't study.
- Turn off TV before you go to bed. فعل أمر
- I will go to bed after I watch (have watched) the movie .

6 with physical verbs expressing perception : مع أفعال الحواس

see \ hear \ smell \ appear يبدو \ taste\look يبدو\sound يبدو\seem يبدو

- I hear somebody shouting out side .
- I smell something burning.

7 Narrating stories (Especially literary works) لرواية القصص الأدبية

- Oliver is an orphan; he lives in an orphanage.

Keywords الكلمات الدالة

بنستخدم المضارع البسيط مع الظروف الزمنية الجاية وبتيجي فى نهاية الجملة أو أولها.

Every (day-week-month-year) / on (Fridays-Sundays...) / From time to time (once - twice - three times) a (day - week - month - year) / as usual / regularly

- We get up early every morning.
- Every morning we get up early.

يستخدم المضارع البسيط مع ظروف التكرار و تأتى قبل الفعل الأساسى أو بعد verb to be (am / is / are) .

always دائمًا - usually عادةً - often غالبًا - sometimes أحيانًا - not often - rarely / seldom نادرًا - never أبدًا – ever – frequently – occasionally من حين لاخر

- I never drink milk.
- I rarely meet Ali.

النفي Negative

اسم جمع (I/you/we/they) _____ المصدر + don't

اسم مفرد (He, She, It) _____ المصدر + doesn't

- I do not go to bed late.
- He does not like eating fish.

يمكن استخدام never في النفي كما يلى

- I am never late for my school.
- Ali never comes early.

الاسئلة Questions

في حالة تكوين سؤال باستخدام أداة استفهام نستخدم

أداة إستفهام + does / do + الفاعل + المصدر فى الفعل .....؟

نستخدم الفعل المساعد (do) مع (I – you - we – they)

نستخدم الفعل المساعد (does) مع (he-she-it)

- Where do you live?
- When does she go to work?
- A: How often do you play tennis? B: Once a week.

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في حالة تكوين سؤال بمعنى «هل» نستخدم

Does / Do الفاعل + الفعل فى المصدر .....؟

- Do you work in Alex?
  - Yes, I do. No, I don't.
- Does he work in Alex?
  - Yes, he does No, he doesn't.

المبني للمجهول Passive voice

تتكون زمن المضارع البسيط فى صيغة المبنى للمجهول من

فاعل + am / is / are + pp + by + مفعول

- This house is cleaned every day.
- The flowers are watered by Wael every morning.

Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1. It rarely.....in the desert.
   a rain b rained c rains d is raining
2. We.....our homes if it is raining
   a doesn't leave b didn't leave c don't leave d aren't leave
3. He.....visits us. He comes here once a year
   a sometimes b often c rarely d never
4. How.....do you watch matches at the stadium? – Once a month.
   a often b long c far d many
5. He is.....ready to help the poor ; they love him.
   a always b hardly c never d rarely

6 Omar usually on time for school? – Yes, he is punctual مواظب

a Is b Does c Was d Has

7 His shoes are always dirty; he.....them well.

a is cleaned b isn't cleaned c cleans d doesn't clean

8 He is miser ; he.....donates money to charity.

a don't b doesn't c never d didn't

9 I ..... English for two hours every day.

a studied b am studying c have studied d study

10 She usually ..... lunch at 3 o'clock.

a is having b has had c has d had

11 What time.....the next match?

a did b do c is d will

12 The earth.....round itself every 24 hours.

a moves b is moving c moved d has moved

13 Omar.....smokes a cigarette .

a doesn't b didn't c never d hadn't

14 The school.....at seven o'clock every day.

a open b is opening c opening d opens

15 Water.....at 100 degrees centigrade.

a boiled b is boiling c will oil d boils

16 Wael often.....camping at the weekends.

a go b is going c goes d going

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17 What time.....you usually get up?

a have b do c had d are

18 He.....come late. He is always punctual.

a doesn't b never c isn't d don't

19 Good children usually.....their parents and teachers.

a obeys b obey c obeyed d obeying

20 We.....a lot to earn enough money.

a works b has worked c working d work

Present continuous
المضارع المستمر

التكوين

يتكون المضارع المستمر من am/ is /are + V+ ing

الاستخدام

يعبر المضارع المستمر عن فعل يحدث الآن أو لحظة الكلام

- He is playing the piano now.

الكلمات الدالة Keywords

بنستخدم المضارع المستمر مع الكلمات االجاية .

now - at the / this moment في هذه اللحظة - still - look! - listen! - Watch out! - at present

- Look! Ali is playing tennis.
- They are sleeping now.

أحيانا بيدل الموقف في الجملة علي الاستمرار .

Keep quiet! The baby is sleeping.

- What are you doing?
  I am reading a newspaper..

بنستخدم المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن حدث رتبنا ليه ان يحصل فى المستقبل .

- *He is travelling to Rome tomorrow; he's got the ticket.*

بنستخدم المضارع المستمر للتعبير عن عادات سيئه مع ظروف التكرار (للتعبير عن الضيق والتضجر)

- *He is always sleeping a lot.*
- *She is usually chatting with her friends.*

Negative النفي

(am / is / are) + not + (v-ing)

- *They aren't playing music.*
- *They are singing.*

Questions الاسئلة

Yes / No questions: Is / Are + فاعل + (v-ing)?

- *Are they watching the game now?*
  Yes , they are . - *No, they aren't.*

Wh-Questions Wh-word + is / are + فاعل + (v-ing) ?

- *What is she doing?*
  She is cooking lunch.

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للمجهول المبني Passive voice

يتكون المضارع المستمر في حالة المبنى للمجهول من.

مفعول + am / is / are + pp + by + فاعل

- She is sweeping the floor now.
  The floor is being swept now
- I am revising all subjects next week.
  All subjects are being revised (by me) next week.

ملاحظات مهمة

مبنستخدمش المضارع المستمر مع الأفعال اللي بتصف حالة، شعور، حاسة، رأي، فهم ، إدراك، ملكية/ و لكن بنستخدم معاها المضارع البسيط لانها بتعبر عن حالة ثابتة و دايمة:

Sound	يبدو
Forget	ينسي
Think	يعتقد
Prefer	يفضل
Smell	يشم/ريحته
Cost	يتكلف
Suppose	يفترض
See	يري
Hear	يسمع
Hate	يكره
Love / like	يحب

Be	يكون
Belong to	ينتمي إلي
Know	يعرف
Mean	يعني
Need	يحتاج
Realize	يدرك
Remember	يتذكر
Understand	يفهم
Want	يرغب
Weigh	يزن
Wish	يتمنى

like	يحب
Appear	يبدو
Seem	يبدو
Taste	طعمه\ يتزوق
Look	يبدو \ ينظر
Notice	يلاحظ
Possess	يمتلك
Own	يمتلك
Contain	يحتوى على
Believe	يعتقد
Consist of	يتكون من

- I am knowing the answers. ✗✗
- I know the answers. ✓✓✓
- I am owning a car. ✗✗
- I own a car. ✓✓✓
- I am thinking he is right. ✗✗
- I think he is right. ✓✓✓

Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1. He.....a shower now, he can't answer the phone..

a has b is having c was having d has had

2. Most people.....that health is better than wealth.

a are thought b are thinking c think d were thinking

3. I .....of making a new plan of study now.

a thought b am thinking c think d was thinking

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4 Wael.....the tree now.

a has cut b was cutting c cuts d is cutting

5 Listen! He.....his bedroom.

a sings b has sung c is singing d sing

6 The phone.....I will answer it.

a has rung b is ringing c rings d would ring

7 I can't concentrate ; someone.....noise.

a make b makes c is making d are making

8 Mother is busy at this moment. She.....food for us.

a cooks b is cooking c has cooked d was cooking

9 We can't move into the new flat as it.....now.

a is painting b is painted c is being painted d was painted

10 Look! The cat.....a rat.

a chases b was chasing c chased d is chasing

11 Keep quiet, please. She.....on now.

a is operated b is operating c operates d is being operated

12 I can't visit you tomorrow ; I.....for exams.

a revise b revised c am revising d was revising

13 I.....a daughter and two sons.

a am having b have c has d will have

14 She often .....up late at the weekends.

a is getting b will get c gets d got

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15 Omar.....now, he is having a shower.

a isn't sleeping b doesn't sleep c hasn't slept d slept

16 He ..... married next month . everything is prepared.

a gets b is getting c was getting d get

17 This kind of flowers.....strange.

a is smelling b smells c smell d has smelt

18 This book.....to me. It is hers

a isn't belonging b doesn't belong c don't belong d haven't belonged

19 He.....late. I will complain to the manager.

a usually comes b usually came c has usually come d is usually coming

20 My Pen friend, Alan,.....me next week.

a visited b visits c is visiting d has visited

The past simple tense
زمن الماضي البسيط

التكوين

يتكون الماضي البسيط من التصريف الثاني للفعل

cook	يطبخ	cooked
visited	يزور	visited

play	يلعب	played
finish	ينهي	finished

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التصريف الثاني للافعال غير القياسية

wrote	يكتب	write
caught	يمسك	catch
won	يفوز	win
was-were	يكون	am, is, are
read	يقرأ	read
saw	يري	see
Lied	يكذب	lie
Laid	تبيض /تلد	lay
lay	يغفو	lie

gave	يكون	give
made	ينتمي إلي	make
had	يعرف	have
did	يعني	do
ate	يحتاج	eat
left	يترك	leave
cost	يتذكر	cost
burnt	يفهم	burn
Learnt/learned	يرغب	learn

النفي Negative

تصريف ثاني + مصدر or never + didn't

- She learned a lot throughout her life.
- She didn't learn much throughout her life.
- She never learned throughout her life.

السؤال Question

الاسئلة بـ (هل) No / Yes questions

Did + فاعل + مصدر ?

- Did you eat fish yesterday?
  Yes, I did. - No , I didn't.

الاسئلة بـ (أداة استفهام) Wh-questions

Wh-word + فاعل + infinitive.....?

- Where did you stay last week?
  I stayed at Hilton Hotel in Giza.

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Passive

Was\ were + p.p

- The report (checked- was checked) properly last night.
- My car (repaired – was repaired) in the garage yesterday.

Usage الاستخدام

حدث بدأ وانتهي في الماضي في وقت محدد

- I travelled to London in 2003.

علشان نوصف احداث متتابعه في الماضي

- I got up late so I washed and wore my clothes then went down the street and waved to a taxi.

حدث استغرق وقت في الماضي وانتهي في الماضي

- I lived in Alex for 5years. (It means that I left Alex.)

في الحاله الثانية من (If) كفعل شرط

- If he helped us, we would win.

key words الكلمات الدالة

In the past	in ancient times	in 1976
One day	When I was,.....	Once upon a time
Yesterday	last week (month)	formerly سابقا
once	ago	The other week
at the age of في عمر/سن	the other day اول امس	The other year

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ملاحظات مهمة

يمكن استخدام (did + inf) للتعبير عن التأكيد علي حدوث شئ في الماضي:

- I did go to the office = I really went to the office.

Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1. Dr. El-Baz.....in Zagazig in 1938.
   a bear b bore c born d was born
2. Abu Treika.....one of the most famous football players in the Middle East.
   a was b has c had d were
3. .....Naguib Mahfouz write books? – Yes, of course.
   a Does b Did c Doesn't d Hasn't
4. He.....hard when he was at school.
   a studies b has studied c studied d had studied
5. We ..... an interesting film on TV yesterday.
   a watch b will watch c watched d have watched
6. In 1999, Dr. Zowail.....the Nobel Prize for chemistry.
   a get b got c is getting d would get
7. Which university.....Dr. Zowail go to?
   a does b did c had d has

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The past continuous tense
زمن الماضي المستمر

Form were/was + (v-ing)

I was working all day yesterday.

Negative were/was + not +(v-ing)

We weren't having lunch at one o'clock yesterday.

Question were/was +subject+(v-ing)

Were you playing at 6 p.m. yesterday?

Passive were/was +being +(p.p)

The cake was being made when my uncle came

Usage الاستخدام

يعبر الماضى المستمر عن حدث كان مستمر أثناء وقت معين فى الماضى

I was having breakfast at seven o'clock in the morning.

يعبر الماضى المستمر عن حدث كان مستمرا عندما قطعه حدث آخر فى الماضى

I was having a shower when the phone rang.

يعبر الماضى المستمر عن حدثين كانا يحدثان فى نفس الوقت.

While father was reading a newspaper, I was watching a movie.

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key words الكلمات الدالة

- From .....o'clock to...o'clock yesterday.
- At this time yesterday.
- All day yesterday
- While / as / just as
- at.....o'clock last night
- Between .....and .....
- for an hour yesterday .
- When

العلاقة بين الماضي البسيط والماضي المستمر

الماضي البسيط يعبر عن حدث قطع تم في الماضي أثناء حدوث حدث أخر ماضي مستمر

ماضي بسيط - ماضي مستمر + as just / as / While

While I was studying , the light went off. الكهرباء انقطعت بينما كنت اذاكر

ماضي مستمر - ماضي مستمر + as just / as / While

While I was reading some poetry, he was playing computer games.

نلاحظ في المثال السابق أن الحدثان مستمران في وقت واحد دون أن يقطع أحدهما الأخر .

ماضي بسيط - ماضي مستمر + When

When he arrived , she was chatting with her friends.

اسم + خلال / أثناء During

During my lunchtime, the phone rang.

ماضي بسيط , ماضي بسيط + **When**

حدثان متتاليين في الماضي لا يفصل بينهما مدة زمنية

When the thief saw the police, he ran away.

On + (v-ing) / (Noun)

تحل محل (when)

On seeing the police, the thief ran away.

Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1. While I was finishing one story, I.....of the next one.
   a thinking b thought c was thinking d have thought
2. I.....a car accident while coming to school.
   a was seeing b saw c see d have seen
3. I.....at six o'clock yesterday evening.
   a slept b was sleeping c have slept d sleep
4. What.....when I called you? You seemed very busy.
   a did you do b were you doing c are you doing d have you been doing
5. While she.....her homework, she was listening to music.
   a were doing b was doing c did d doing
6. While father.....the paper, mother was cooking dinner.
   a was reading b read c had read d has read
7. He arrived while dinner .....
   a was cooking b was being cooked c cooked d had been cooked
8. .....the conference, he gave a speech.
   a Since b While c During d When
9. While studying, he.....asleep.
   a fall b fallen c fell d felt
10. While I was cooking, Walaa.....homework.
    a was doing b did c does d had done
11. I waved to Aya, but she .....
    a wasn't looking b was looking c hadn't looked d looked

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12 While the party. ....., we were busy sending invitations to our friends.

a was prepared
b was been prepared
c was being prepared
d is prepared

13 Amaar.....video games all day yesterday.

a played
b was playing
c is playing
d had played

14 the film, I fell asleep as I was too tired.

a While
b When
c On
d During

15 I took a bus to work since my car..... .

a mending
b was mending
c was being mended
d mended

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امسح الباركود بالموبيل لتثبيت التطبيق وتحميل كل الملازم مجانا وبسرعه

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